

The leading palladiumnickel-copper development project in the western world

Macquarie WA Forum

7 NOVEMBER 2024



ASX:CHN



Chalice Mining is a leading **critical minerals explorer-developer** in Western Australia





Tier-1 scale Resource in WA – the Gonneville Project

- 100% ownership of one of the largest undeveloped PGE-Ni-Cu-Co (critical minerals) resources in the western world
- 17Moz of Pd-Pt-Au (3E), 960kt Ni, 540kt Cu, 96kt Co in Resource, starting at surface¹
- Strategic and Major Project Status from WA/Aus Governments
- Pre-Feasibility Study and regulatory approvals underway

Compelling value, leverage and upside

- High leverage to Pd, Ni price recovery from cyclical lows
- Gonneville predicted to become the lowest cost PGE mine in the western world (after Ni-Cu-Co credits) – 2nd quartile on cost curve
- ~10,000km² of licences in exciting new West Yilgarn province

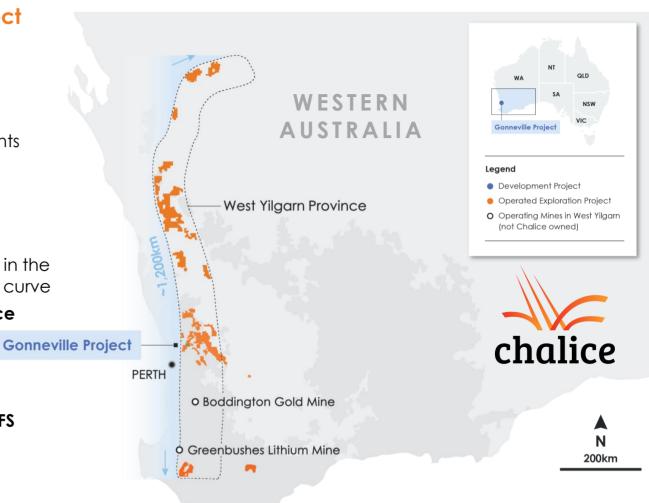


Strategic MOU with A Mitsubishi Corporation

- Non-binding MOU with top tier development partner
- Intention to formalise a potential binding partnership post PFS

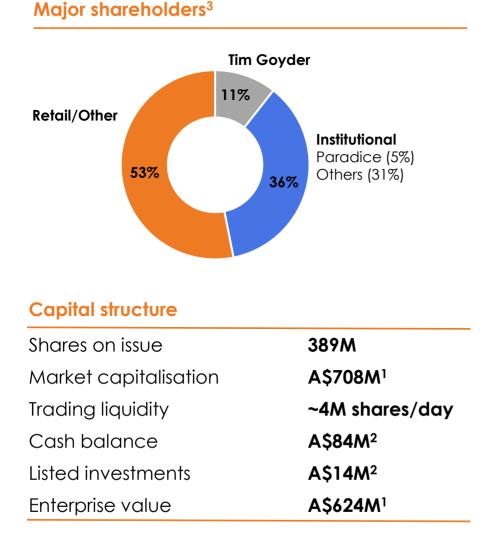


~A\$98M in cash and listed investments and no debt²

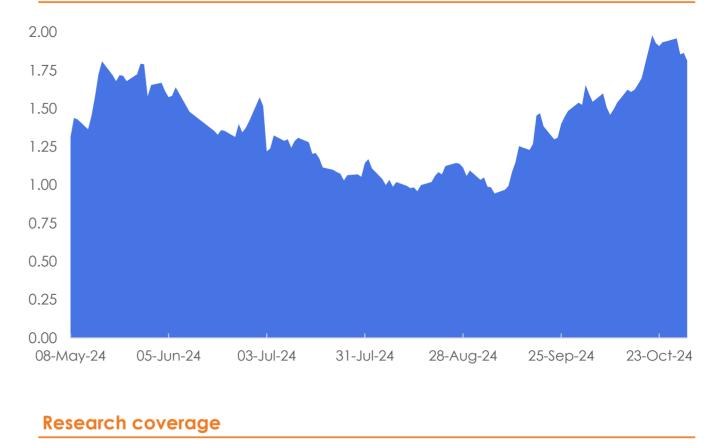


Chalice is an ASX300 listed specialist critical minerals explorer-developer with a uniquely **strong financial position** and institutional register





ASX:CHN 6-month performance



*** UBS** Barrenjoey°

J.P.Morgan

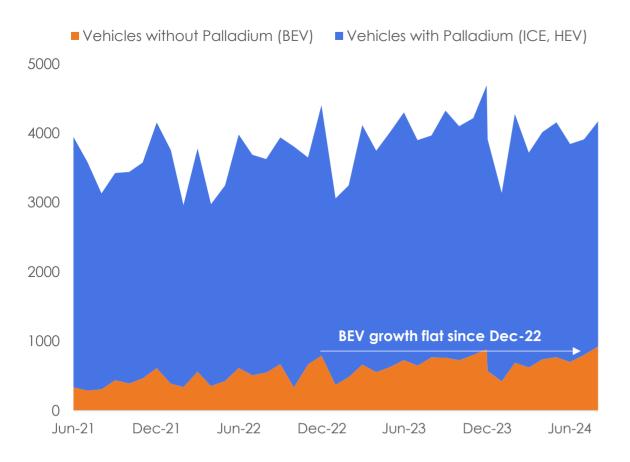
BELL POTTER

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ARGONAUT

Why palladium? Battery electric vehicle adoption has reached a plateau and hybrid EV sales are growing rapidly

Total passenger vehicle sales (China, US, Europe)

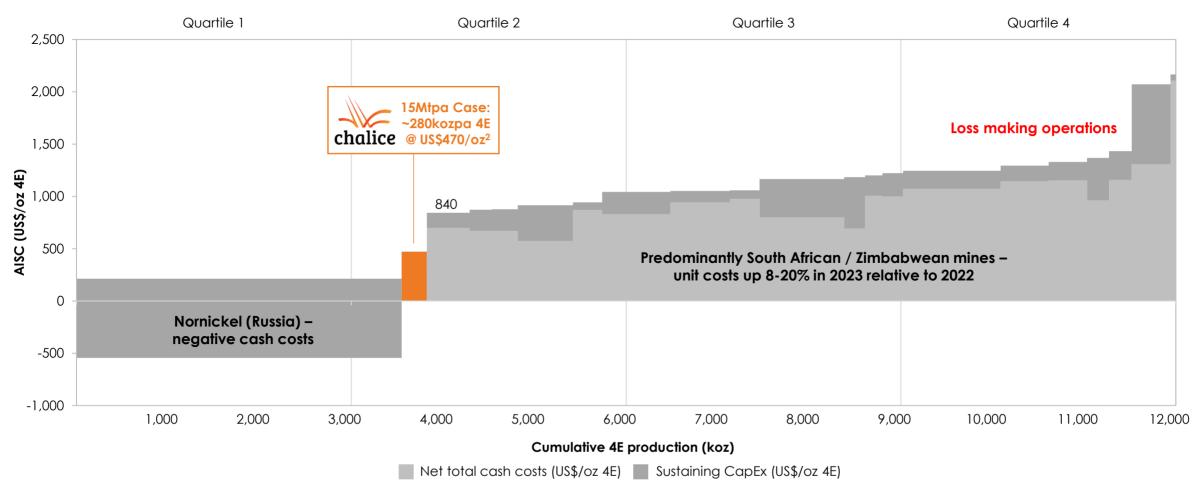


- Western car manufacturers are scaling back their BEV growth ambitions, and scaling up hybrid production to meet changing consumer preferences
- 57% of BYDs sales in Q2CY24 were hybrids it is not just a western trend
- 46% of current US BEV owners considering switching back to ICE
- More palladium required in HEVs than internal combustion engine vehicles (ICE)
- The hybrid growth story is not yet reflected in consensus palladium demand forecasts

PGE prices are **deep into the cost curve and unsustainable** – given strength of demand, prices could continue to rebound



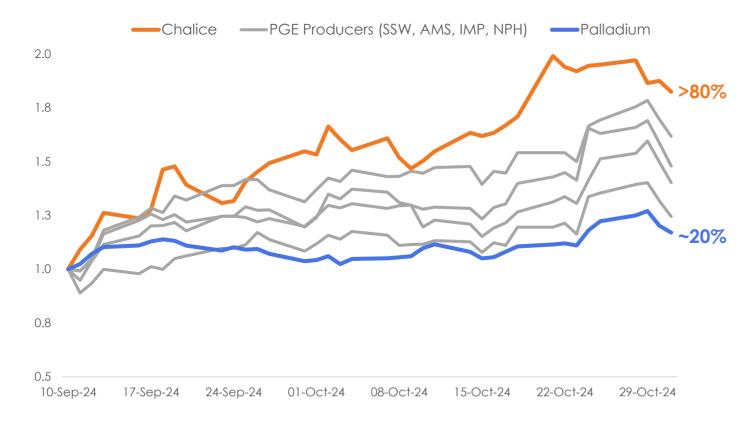
PGE industry all-in sustaining cost curve (cash costs plus sustaining CapEx), net of by-product credits, US\$/oz 4E 2023A¹



Source: April 2024 SFA (Oxford) figures used for 2023 realised 4E cost curve data. Note: 1. 4E cost curve positioning assumes SFA Oxford 2023 actual by-product commodity prices of: US\$8,486/t, Nickel US\$21,505/t, Iridium US\$4,682/oz, Ruthenium US\$464/oz, Chrome 42% CIF US\$312/t. Chalice internal Cobalt prices of US\$40,000/t have been assumed given not disclosed in SFA data. ZAR:USD exchange rate of 18.47 assumed. 2. AISC adjusted to reflect SFA Oxford 2023 actual by-product commodity prices (vs US\$360/oz on August 2023 Scoping Study prices)

Chalice provides significant leverage to Pd price recovery – market conditions extremely tight and potential for supply disruption is high

Relative performance since Stillwater revised guidance in Sept 2024



- Sibanye revised CY25 production guidance at Stillwater down by ~50% (~200koz per year)
- US asked G7 to assess sanctions on Russian Pd on 24th Oct, triggering further Pd price appreciation
- Chalice has outperformed all major PGE
 equities following recent events
- Limited options in safe, reliable jurisdictions for exposure to Pd price appreciation

Gonneville PGE-Ni-Cu-Co Project Overview

A new long-life, low-cost, low-carbon, strategic critical minerals project in Western Australia

Strategic MOU with Mitsubishi Corporation

Top tier development partner,

intention to formalise a potential binding partnership post PFS¹

Tier 1 scale sulphide Resource

17Moz of Pd-Pt-Au (3E), 960kt Ni, 540kt Cu, 96kt Co contained²

Competitive cost profile

Predicted to become **lowest cost PGE producer in western world** (2nd Quartile) after Ni-Cu-Co byproduct credits

Shallow open-pit mining

Resource starts at surface, highgrade feed in early years



Unique critical minerals exposure

Revenue split of ~50% Pd, ~25% Ni, ~15% Cu, ~10% Au/Pt/Co³

Low-risk development location

Mine infrastructure on ~22km² of **Chalice-owned farmland**

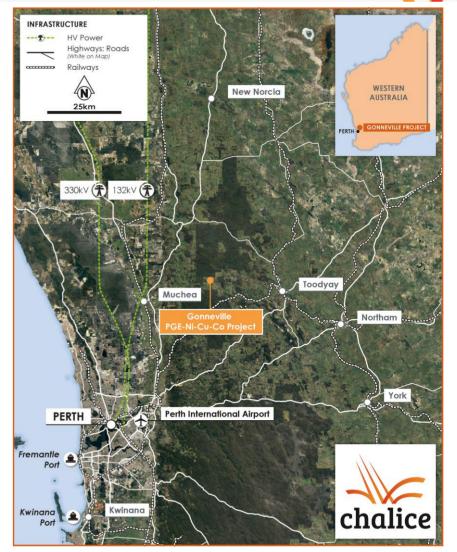
Sulphide mineralogy

Ability to produce **separate**, **saleable Cu-PGE**, **Ni-Co-PGE concentrates** and leach Pd-Au from flotation tails

1. Non-binding MOU executed on 3 July 2024 – refer to ASX Announcement for full details

2. For tonnes and grade by confidence category and metal equivalent assumptions, refer to the Mineral Resources Statement in Appendix.

3. Based on the August 2023 Scoping Study 15Mtpa case adjusted to approximate long-term consensus metal prices





Gonneville has 'Strategic' and 'Major Project' Status – formal recognition of the importance of the Project by the WA and Federal Governments

September 2024: Awarded 'Strategic Project Status' by the WA State Government



Department of Jobs, Tourism, Science and Innovation

GOVERNMENT OF WESTERN AUSTRALIA

- Awarded by the WA Premier Hon Roger Cook MLA and Department of Jobs, Tourism, Science and Innovation (JTSI)
- Provides formal recognition of the strategic value of the Project and its potential to deliver significant economic and energy transition benefits for Western Australia and the region
- JTSI to provide high level of facilitation for State regulatory approvals and infrastructure requirements

October 2024: Granted 'Major Project Status' by the Australian Federal Government



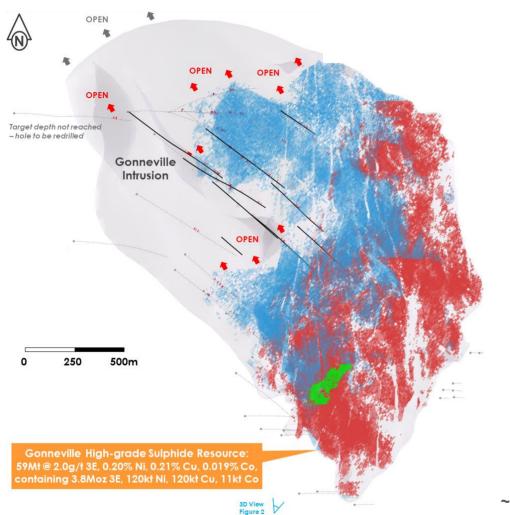
Australian Government

Department of Industry, Science and Resources

- Granted by the Minister for Industry and Science, the Hon Ed Husic
- Recognises the **national significance of the Project** to the development of Australia's critical mineral sector
- Major Projects Facilitation Agency to provide support in navigating the Commonwealth approvals process

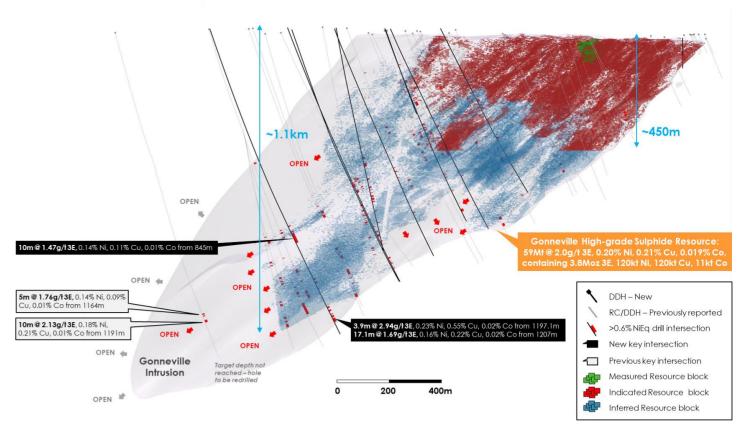
The tier-1 scale Gonneville Resource starts at surface, is drilled-out to ~450m deep and is open beyond ~1.1km deep





Gonneville Resource Plan View

Gonneville Resource 3D View looking NNE



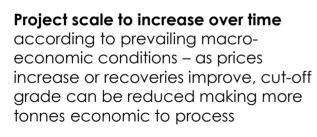
~1,200 drill holes for ~320,000m completed since discovery in March 2020

The rare Gonneville critical minerals Resource has high-grade optionality and compelling growth potential



High Grade Mineral Resource Estimate¹:

- 59Mt @ 2.0g/t 3E (Pd+Pt+Au), 0.20% Ni, 0.21% Cu, 0.019% Co
- 3.8Moz 3E, 120kt Ni, 120kt Cu and 11kt Co contained
- Starts at surface, open at depth



Mineral Resource Estimate¹:

- 660Mt @ 0.79g/t 3E (Pd+Pt+Au), 0.15% Ni, 0.08% Cu, 0.015% Co
- 17Moz 3E, 960kt Ni, 540kt Cu and 96kt Co contained

Gonneville NSR Grade-Tonnage table²

| NSR Cut-off in-pit | NSR Cut-off in MSO | Total Mass | | | | Grade | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------|--------|--------|
| A\$/t | A\$/t | (Mt) | 3E (g/t) | Pd (g/t) | Pt (g/t) | Au (g/t) | Ni (%) | Cu (%) | Co (%) |
| 15 | 110 | 690 | 0.75 | 0.59 | 0.14 | 0.02 | 0.15 | 0.082 | 0.015 |
| 25 | 110 | 640 | 0.78 | 0.62 | 0.14 | 0.02 | 0.15 | 0.085 | 0.015 |
| 35 | 110 | 530 | 0.85 | 0.67 | 0.15 | 0.03 | 0.16 | 0.092 | 0.015 |
| 45 | 110 | 390 | 0.97 | 0.76 | 0.17 | 0.03 | 0.16 | 0.11 | 0.016 |
| 55 | 110 | 270 | 1.1 | 0.88 | 0.20 | 0.04 | 0.17 | 0.12 | 0.017 |
| 65 | 110 | 180 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 0.23 | 0.05 | 0.18 | 0.14 | 0.017 |
| 75 | 110 | 130 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 0.27 | 0.06 | 0.19 | 0.16 | 0.018 |
| 85 | 110 | 95 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 0.30 | 0.06 | 0.19 | 0.18 | 0.018 |
| 95 | 110 | 73 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 0.34 | 0.07 | 0.20 | 0.19 | 0.019 |
| 105 | 110 | 58 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 0.37 | 0.08 | 0.20 | 0.21 | 0.019 |
| 115 | 110 | 47 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 0.40 | 0.09 | 0.21 | 0.22 | 0.019 |
| 125 | 110 | 40 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 0.42 | 0.10 | 0.21 | 0.23 | 0.019 |
| 135 | 110 | 34 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 0.45 | 0.10 | 0.21 | 0.24 | 0.019 |
| 145 | 110 | 30 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 0.47 | 0.11 | 0.22 | 0.25 | 0.019 |
| 155 | 110 | 27 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 0.48 | 0.11 | 0.22 | 0.26 | 0.019 |

2. For complete NSR assumptions refer to ASX Announcement "Gonneville Resource remodeled to support selective mining", dated 23 April 2024

The development strategy for the Project is to start as simple as possible and phase up in scale and processing complexity over time



The ongoing Pre-Feasibility Study is investigating a two-stage development plan:

| Stage | Life (yrs) | Mining method | Processing Flowsheet | Objectives | | | | | |
|-------|--|------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | 3+ | Selective open- pit | Concentrator-leach: Sulphide concentrator to produce Cu-PGE & Ni-Co-PGE smelter concentrates for sale Leach of oxide and sulphide flotation tails to produce Pd-Au doré | Low risk initial development Minimise power-water infrastructure requirements Maximise grade Pilot and de-risk Stage 2 midstream process (as quickly as possible) Minimise payback period | | | | | |
| 2 | Driven by tailings capacity on farmland and pit optimisation | Bulk open-pit | As per Stage 1, with throughput expansion + • Midstream process on Ni rougher concentrate to produce Ni-Co intermediate for sale (operated by Chalice or a potential partner) | Maximise strategic value Minimise cut-off grade Maximise mine life Capture maximum value from products Profitable through price cycles Minimise AISC | | | | | |

Regulatory approvals will be sought for stages 1 and 2 upfront, with potential further expansions subject to separate studies

Stage 1 process flowsheet to target simple products with staging options being evaluated in the initial phase of the PFS Recent leach testwork has highlighted Grindina Sizina potential for material reduction in operating costs relative to 2023 Scoping Study Oxide feed Pd-Au Leach **Copper Flotation** Grindina **Nickel Flotation** Crushina Sulphide feed Offtake of doré to western precious metal refinerv Stage 2 **Midstream process** option Recent comminution testwork utilising Pd °Pt Pd Pt HPGRs has potential to deliver ~30% decrease in power consumption Concentrate Concentrate relative to 2023 Scopina Study PGFs **Ni-Co Precipitation** separated Offtake to western Offtake to western Important to characterise aeo-met domains to and either copper smelter(s) nickel smelter(s) accurately determine recoveries and therefore blended into Ni Co Cu conc. or (6+ potential (3 potential value per block leached as customers) customers) doré >100 samples taken from 33 dedicated **Ni-Co intermediate** metallurgical drill holes for the PFS PFS testwork programme is expected to continue Offtake to western lithium-• **Recent discussions with nickel** through CY24 – a critical step to de-risk and ion battery pCAM refinery customers confirms strong interest optimise the Project in offtake and improving terms 12

Offtake terms are expected to be attractive given high-grade of products, low impurities and IRA-compliant source



Copper-PGE-Au Concentrate



- **High value concentrate** with negligible impurities: ~20-22% Cu, 50-150g/t 3E
- >6 potential western copper smelter customers
- Current indicative offtake terms have excellent payabilities and low TC-RCs:
 - Cu: 96.5% of LME
 - Pd: 96% of LME
 - Pt: 92% of LME
 - Au: 97% of LME

Ni-PGE-Co Concentrate



- High value concentrate with very low impurities: ~8-10% Ni, 0.4-1% Co, 10-50g/t 3E
- 3 potential western nickel smelter customers (low chrome content)
- Indicative offtake terms are improving as nickel sulphide mines shut down, currently:
 - Ni: 77-78% of LME
 - Pd: 75% of LME
 - Pt: 70% of LME
 - Co: 50% of LME

Nickel-Cobalt Intermediate Product



- High quality lithium-ion battery pre-cursor (pCAM) product (i.e. MHP, MSP or other) with c. -45% Ni, ~4% Co
- Very low impurities
- Direct pathway to lithium-ion value chain and low CO₂ footprint (no smelting)
- Excellent payabilities expected due to high grade, scarcity and highly desirable IRAcompliant product

Potential to produce nickel concentrate and/or nickel intermediate – tradeoff studies continuing to determine optimal value/risk/timing solution

or

There is a strong case for a future effective western or green premium on products (through either longer-term offtake, higher realised pricing or lower treatment/refining charges) relative to other sources

Note: Early-stage discussions with potential customers and indicative terms provided have formed the basis of the offtake assumptions for the concentrate. The indicative payability terms quoted by parties were uniformly high and given the low deleterious elements within the concentrate specification, no penalties are envisaged. No western or green premium has been assumed, however given the Project's location and forecast sustainability metrics, Chalice believes there to be reasonable grounds to consider there to be the potential for effective price premiums from offtakers in the future.

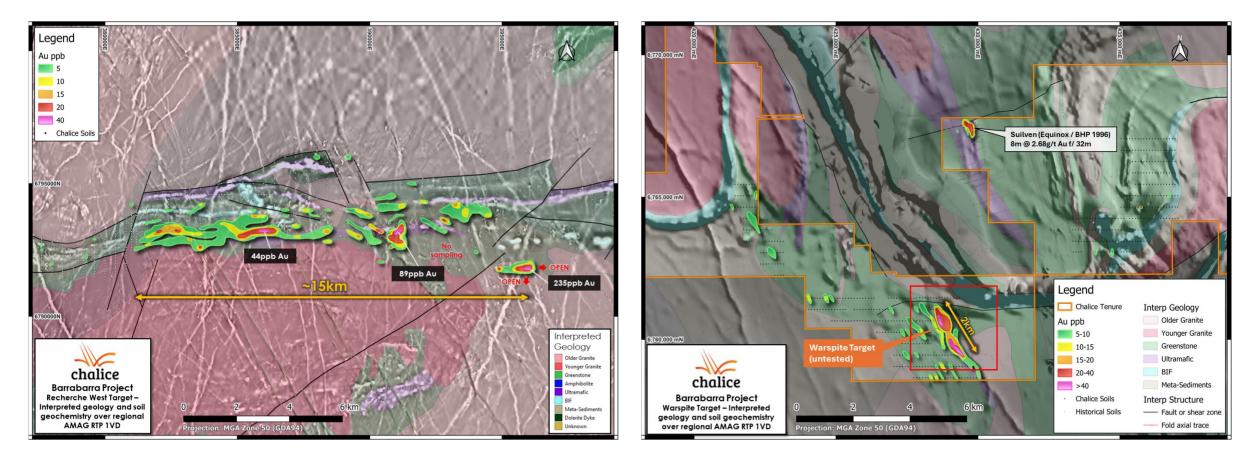
Beyond Gonneville, Chalice has defined >40 Cu-Au-Ag and Ni-Cu-PGE targets in the West Yilgarn Province – near-term focus is Cu-Au

- ~1,200km long western margin of the Yilgarn craton largely covered by Chalice's ~10,000km² exploration licence holding
- Exciting new search space for intrusion-related / orogenic copper-gold+/-silver and orthomagmatic Ni-Cu+/-PGE deposits, akin to:
 - Gonneville (~17Moz PGE-Au)
 - Boddington (~40Moz Au)
- Prior to Gonneville discovery, region largely mapped as barren granite-gneiss geology (now proven wrong)
- Chalice commenced exploring systematically for first time in 2021
- Extensive geophysical/geochemical data coverage and targeting completed – now moving to the exciting drill testing phase commencing Nov 2024:
 - 3 x targets at Barrabarra
 - 1 x target at Northam



The large-scale Recherche West and Warspite targets are completely untested by drilling and in favourable geological settings





Initial ~7,000m AC drill program testing both large-scale targets to commence in Nov 2024

Chalice is fully funded to progress key development and exploration activities, with ~A\$98M in cash and listed investments



| Pro | gress to date | Status | | Forward Plan ¹ | Status |
|------------|--|-------------|---|--|-------------------|
| Q | Gonneville discovery | C Mar-20 | | Gonneville metallurgical testwork and flowsheet development | Ongoing |
| | Staking of West Yilgarn exploration licence holding | ♥Mar-20 | | Gonneville Pre-Feasibility Study (PFS) on staged, high-grade development options | Target mid CY25 |
| \bigcirc | Maiden Mineral Resource Estimate for Gonneville | ✓ Nov-21 | 6 | Gonneville regulatory approvals | Ongoing |
| <u>ا</u> | Gonneville Project Scoping Study on bulk open-pit development options | ♥ Aug-23 | • | AC drilling at Barrabarra Project | Commence Nov 2024 |
| | Project referred for regulatory approvals | C Mar-24 | | Project finance and offtake | Commence H2 CY25 |
| | Strategic MOU with Mitsubishi Corporation | ✔ Jul-24 | | | |

Summary





Chalice owns the leading palladium-nickel-copper development project in the western world



Chalice's team has a track record of discovery and value creation



There is significant exploration upside across the exciting new West Yilgarn Province

Key value drivers and upcoming catalysts

- 1. **PGE price recovery** driven by slowing BEV uptake and strong ICE/hybrid sales
- 2. **PFS testwork** optimisation of metallurgical recoveries and operating costs by domains
- 3. Investigating high-grade, staged open-pit / underground starter cases during the Pre-Feasibility Study
- 4. High-priority greenfield exploration in new mineral province ongoing



Appendix

Chalice's team has a track record of discovery and large-scale project development



Board of Directors



Derek La Ferla, Non-Exec Chair

- Highly regarded ASX200 chair and company director with 30+ years experience as a corporate lawyer
- Former Chair of Poseidon Nickel and Sandfire Resources



Alex Dorsch, Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer

- Diverse experience in consulting, engineering and corporate advisory in the energy and resources sectors
- Previously a specialist consultant with McKinsey & Company



Garret Dixon, Non-Exec Director

- 30+ years experience in resources and mining contracting sectors
- Formerly Executive VP Alcoa & President Bauxite



Stephen McIntosh, Non-Exec Director

- Highly regarded mining executive with 30+ years experience in exploration, major project studies and execution
- Formerly Group Executive and Head of Exploration & Development Projects at Rio Tinto

Key advisors

- Martin Reed, Technical Advisor
- Kevin Frost, Geology Advisor
- Nobi Yamaji, Japan Representative

Key Management



Qualified accountant and lawyer with 15+ years experience of professional and corporate experience in the energy and resources industry

Mike Nelson, GM Project Development

- 30+ years experience in operational and technical leadership roles
- Instrumental in leading several mega-projects for mining internationals including Barrick Gold and Teck Resources

David Freeman, Exploration Manager

 Exploration geologist with nearly 20 years experience across a broad range of commodities and terranes both domestic an international

Dr Soolim Carney, GM Environment and Community

- Environment, health and safety, indigenous affairs, govt relations and community specialist with 20+ years experience
- Former Regional Environment Manager for Alcoa Australia

Ben Goldbloom, GM Corporate Development



• Investor relations and business development specialist with 15+ years experience in commercial and technical roles in the resources industry





Our approach to sustainability: Deliver sustained shared value through responsible sustainability practices



Comprehensive baseline environmental surveys across 6,000ha; covering flora, fauna, dieback

Successfully implemented industry leading low-impact exploration drilling techniques in vegetated areas - no mechanised clearing

Policy in FY2023

Responsibly discovering and developing new mineral deposits that provide the key metals which are critical to decarbonisation

the local community

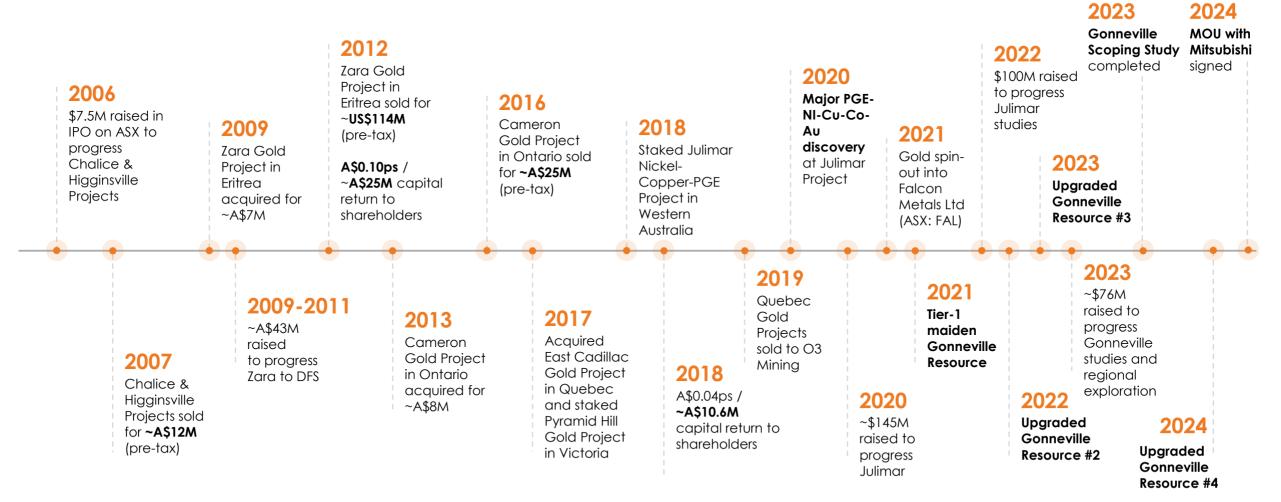
Local Voices Community Survey, a series of independent surveys to understand the priorities of the community

Active engagement with Whadjuk and Yued Traditional Owners – worked with >70 Traditional Owners since 2021

standards – women make up 38% of our overall workforce (FY2024)

BSS Employee Assistance Program to support wellbeing and mental health of our employees

Since our 2006 IPO, we have acquired quality assets, advanced projects quickly and generated exceptional returns

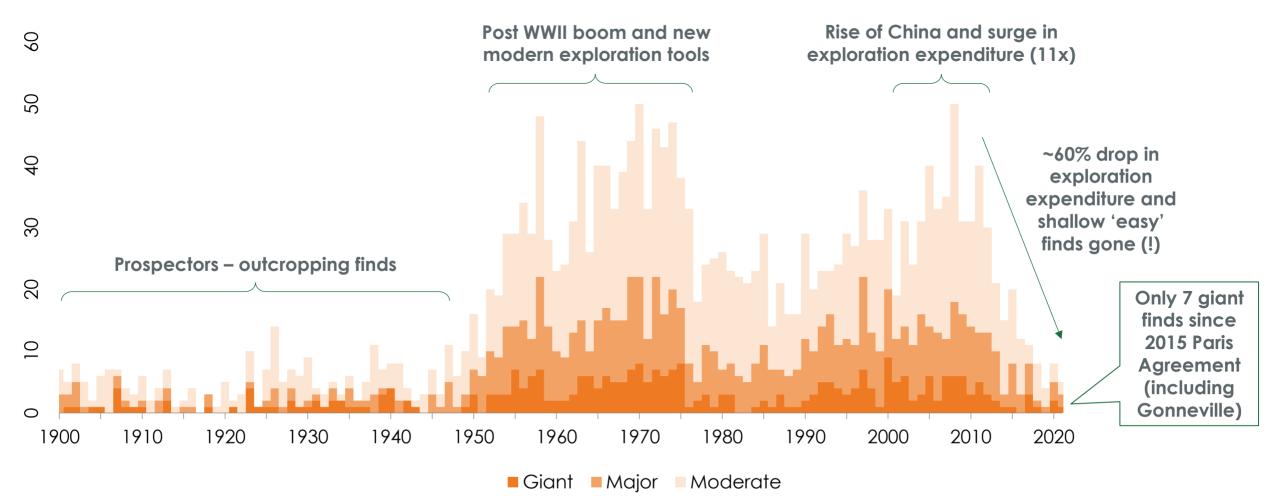


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Big critical minerals discoveries are becoming increasingly rare in the western world – **demand is likely to outpace supply over long term**



Number of base metal (Ni, Cu, Zn, Pb) discoveries in the World by size – 1900-2021



Source: MinEx Consulting © February 2023

Note: "Moderate" >10kt Ni, >10kt Cu, >300kt Zn+Pb; "Major" >100kt Ni, >1Mt Cu, >3Mt Zn+Pb; "Giant" >1Mt Ni, >5Mt Cu, >12Mt Zn+Pb. Excludes unreported discoveries in recent years

Orthomagmatic Ni-Cu+/-PGE deposits – targeting and exploration using a **minerals system approach**



Craton Margin Setting

- Preferred siting close to craton margins
- Favourable lithospheric architecture at craton margins facilitates passage of melt from mantle into crust

Host Intrusions

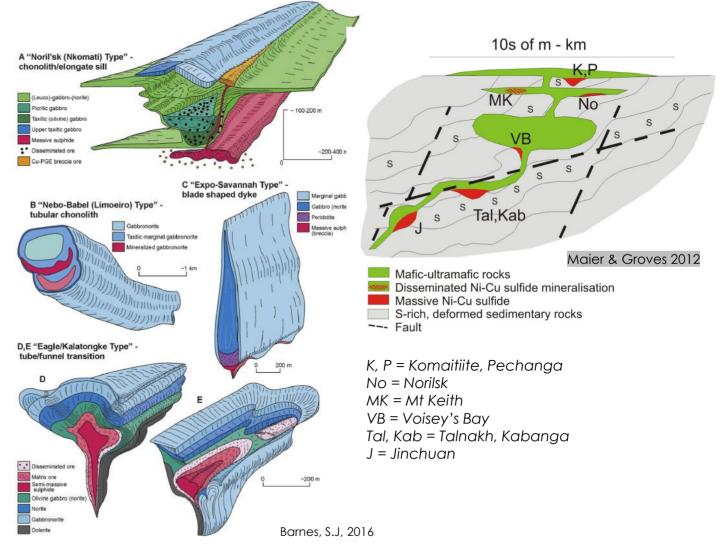
 Tier-1 deposits commonly associated with relatively small intrusions (100's of metres to ~1km thick) with high aspect ratios i.e. long axes >> cross sectional area – termed chonoliths

Sulphide segregation/ depositional sites

- Dense sulphide melts accumulate commonly at intrusion margins (base) or where dykes enter magma chambers
- Variability in Ni/Cu/Co/PGE grades and deposit types is a function of:
 - Parental magma composition (MgO)
 - Sulphur source (intrinsic vs external)
 - R-factor (silicate magma : sulphide melt), sulphide melt fraction (MSS,ISS)

Post-depositional Overprint

 Brittle/ductile deformation can remobilise ores (host rocks) into secondary structural settings



Higher-grade sulphide component of Gonneville Resource (in pit and underground), 23 April 2024



| Domain | Cut-off NSR (A\$/t) | Classification | Mass | Grade Contained metal | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|----------------|------|-----------------------|----------|----------|--------|--------|--------|----------|----------|----------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | | (Mt) | Pd (g/t) | Pt (g/t) | Au (g/t) | Ni (%) | Cu (%) | Co (%) | Pd (Moz) | Pt (Moz) | Au (Moz) | Ni (kt) | Cu (kł) | Co (kt) |
| HG Sulphide – above 200m depth in-pit | | Measured | 0.8 | 2.3 | 0.45 | 0.05 | 0.37 | 0.35 | 0.026 | 0.06 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 0.20 |
| | 100 | Indicated | 25 | 1.4 | 0.32 | 0.07 | 0.21 | 0.22 | 0.020 | 1.1 | 0.26 | 0.06 | 54 | 54 | 5.1 |
| | 100 | Inferred | 1.1 | 1.2 | 0.37 | 0.04 | 0.20 | 0.14 | 0.019 | 0.05 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 2.2 | 1.6 | 0.21 |
| | | Subtotal | 27 | 1.4 | 0.33 | 0.07 | 0.22 | 0.22 | 0.020 | 1.2 | 0.28 | 0.06 | 59 | 58 | 5.5 |
| | 110 | Measured | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| HG Sulphide – below | | Indicated | 9.7 | 1.6 | 0.43 | 0.13 | 0.19 | 0.27 | 0.018 | 0.51 | 0.14 | 0.04 | 19 | 26 | 1.7 |
| 200m depth in-pit | | Inferred | 15 | 1.6 | 0.39 | 0.07 | 0.21 | 0.16 | 0.019 | 0.76 | 0.18 | 0.03 | 30 | 24 | 2.7 |
| | | Subtotal | 24 | 1.6 | 0.41 | 0.09 | 0.20 | 0.20 | 0.018 | 1.3 | 0.32 | 0.07 | 49 | 50 | 4.4 |
| | 110 | Measured | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | | Indicated | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| HG Sulphide – MSO | | Inferred | 7.3 | 1.7 | 0.38 | 0.09 | 0.16 | 0.19 | 0.015 | 0.40 | 0.09 | 0.02 | 12 | 14 | 1.1 |
| | | Subtotal | 7.3 | 1.7 | 0.38 | 0.09 | 0.16 | 0.19 | 0.015 | 0.40 | 0.09 | 0.02 | 12 | 14 | 1.1 |
| | | Measured | 0.8 | 2.3 | 0.45 | 0.05 | 0.37 | 0.35 | 0.026 | 0.06 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 0.20 |
| | | Indicated | 35 | 1.5 | 0.35 | 0.09 | 0.21 | 0.23 | 0.019 | 1.7 | 0.39 | 0.10 | 73 | 80 | 6.8 |
| All HG Sulphide | | Inferred | 23 | 1.6 | 0.39 | 0.07 | 0.19 | 0.17 | 0.018 | 1.2 | 0.29 | 0.06 | 44 | 39 | 4.1 |
| | | Total | 59 | 1.5 | 0.37 | 0.08 | 0.20 | 0.21 | 0.019 | 2.9 | 0.69 | 0.15 | 120 | 120 | 11 |

Note some numerical differences may occur due to rounding to 2 significant figures. Includes drill holes drilled up to and including 23 January 2024

Gonneville Mineral Resource Estimate (JORC Code 2012), 23 April 2024

| Domain | Cut-off NSR (A\$/t) | Classification | Mass | Grade Contained metal | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------|----------------|------|-----------------------|----------|----------|--------|--------|--------|----------|----------|----------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | | (Mt) | Pd (g/t) | Pt (g/t) | Au (g/t) | Ni (%) | Cu (%) | Co (%) | Pd (Moz) | Pt (Moz) | Au (Moz) | Ni (kt) | Cu (kt) | Co (kt) |
| | | Measured | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | 05 | Indicated | 7.0 | 1.9 | - | 0.05 | - | - | - | 0.43 | - | 0.01 | - | - | - |
| Oxide – in-pit | 25 | Inferred | 6.1 | 0.54 | - | 0.03 | - | - | - | 0.11 | - | 0.01 | - | - | - |
| | | Subtotal | 13 | 1.3 | - | 0.04 | - | - | - | 0.54 | - | 0.02 | - | - | - |
| | | Measured | 0.4 | 0.82 | 0.18 | 0.03 | 0.19 | 0.160 | 0.020 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.67 | 0.56 | 0.07 |
| Sulphide (Transitional) | 25 | Indicated | 14 | 0.68 | 0.16 | 0.03 | 0.16 | 0.103 | 0.020 | 0.30 | 0.07 | 0.01 | 22 | 14 | 2.7 |
| – in-pit | | Inferred | 0.1 | 0.72 | 0.21 | 0.02 | 0.13 | 0.101 | 0.014 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.19 | 0.15 | 0.02 |
| | | Subtotal | 14 | 0.69 | 0.16 | 0.03 | 0.16 | 0.104 | 0.020 | 0.32 | 0.08 | 0.01 | 23 | 15 | 2.8 |
| | 25 | Measured | 2.5 | 1.0 | 0.22 | 0.03 | 0.21 | 0.168 | 0.018 | 0.08 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 5.4 | 4.3 | 0.45 |
| Sulphide (Fresh) – in- | | Indicated | 380 | 0.60 | 0.14 | 0.02 | 0.15 | 0.088 | 0.015 | 7.4 | 1.7 | 0.30 | 570 | 340 | 57 |
| pit | | Inferred | 240 | 0.60 | 0.14 | 0.02 | 0.15 | 0.074 | 0.015 | 4.6 | 1.1 | 0.15 | 350 | 170 | 35 |
| | | Subtotal | 620 | 0.60 | 0.14 | 0.02 | 0.15 | 0.083 | 0.015 | 12 | 2.8 | 0.45 | 930 | 520 | 92 |
| | | Measured | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sulphide (Fresh) – | 110 | Indicated | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MSO | 110 | Inferred | 7.3 | 1.7 | 0.38 | 0.09 | 0.16 | 0.192 | 0.015 | 0.40 | 0.09 | 0.02 | 12 | 14 | 1.1 |
| | | Subtotal | 7.3 | 1.7 | 0.38 | 0.09 | 0.16 | 0.192 | 0.015 | 0.40 | 0.09 | 0.02 | 12 | 14 | 1.1 |
| | | Measured | 2.9 | 0.99 | 0.21 | 0.03 | 0.21 | 0.167 | 0.018 | 0.09 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 6.1 | 4.8 | 0.52 |
| All | | Indicated | 400 | 0.63 | 0.14 | 0.02 | 0.15 | 0.087 | 0.015 | 8.1 | 1.8 | 0.32 | 600 | 350 | 60 |
| All | | Inferred | 250 | 0.63 | 0.14 | 0.02 | 0.14 | 0.076 | 0.014 | 5.1 | 1.1 | 0.18 | 360 | 190 | 36 |
| | | Total | 660 | 0.63 | 0.14 | 0.02 | 0.15 | 0.083 | 0.015 | 13 | 2.9 | 0.50 | 960 | 540 | 96 |

Note some numerical differences may occur due to rounding to 2 significant figures. Includes drill holes drilled up to and including 23 January 2024.

Cautionary statements and competent person(s) disclosure

Authorisation

This Presentation has been authorised for release by the Disclosure Committee.

Disclaimer

This Presentation does not provide investment or financial product advice and does not include all available Information on Chalice Mining Limited ("Chalice" or "the Company") and should not be used in isolation as a guide to investing in the Company. This Presentation is not a prospectus, disclosure document or other offering document under Australian law or under any other law. It is provided for information purposes and is not an invitation nor offer of shares or recommendation for subscription, purchase or sale in any jurisdiction. This Presentation does not purport to contain all the information that a prospective investor may require in connection with any potential investment in the Company. Any potential investor should also refer to Chalice Mining Limited's Annual Reports, ASX releases, and take independent professional advice before considering investing in the Company. For further information about Chalice Mining Limited, visit our website at chalicemining.com

Whilst care has been exercised in preparing and presenting this Presentation, to the maximum extent permitted by law, the Company and its representatives:

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- Accept no responsibility for any errors or omissions from this Presentation.

Cautionary statement

This Presentation includes information extracted from the Company's ASX announcement dated 29 August 2023, titled "Gonneville Nickel-Copper-PGE Project Scoping Study".

For the production targets and forecast financial information for the 15Mtpa Case scenario (modelled LOM - 19 years), Inferred Resources comprise 14% of the production schedule over the modelled Life of Mine (LOM). For the 30Mtpa Case scenario (modelled LOM - 18 years), Inferred Resources comprise 37% of the production schedule over the modelled Life of Mine (LOM). Significantly, in both the 15Mtpa Case and 30Mtpa Case scenarios, the Inferred Mineral Resources do not play a prominent role in the initial mine plan. Throughout the first 15 years of production, the Inferred Mineral Resources constitute less than ~20% in both production schedules. Accordingly, Chalice has concluded that it is satisfied that the financial viability of both development cases modelled in the Scoping Study is not dependent on the inclusion of Inferred Resources early in the production schedule given an estimated payback period (from commencement of production) of ~2 years for the 15Mtpa Case

There is a low level of geological confidence associated with Inferred Mineral Resources and there is no certainty that further exploration work will result in the determination of Indicated Mineral Resources or that the production targets themselves will be realised

Forward Looking Statements

This Presentation may contain forward-looking statements and forward information, (collectively, forward-looking statements). These forward-looking statements are made as of the date of this Annual Report and Chalice Mining Limited (the Company) does not intend, and does not assume any obligation, to update these forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements relate to future events or future performance and reflect the Company's expectations or beliefs regarding future events and include, but are not limited to: the impact of the discovery on the Gonneville Project's capital payback; the Company's planned strategy, expenditure and corporate objectives; estimated timing of the Gonneville Project development schedule; the formal arrangements contemplated by the Memorandum of Understanding with Mitsubishi Corporation, the realisation of Mineral Resource Estimates; timing of anticipated production and final investment decision; sustainability initiatives; climate change scenarios; the likelihood of further exploration success; the timing and cost of planned exploration and study activities on the Company's projects; mineral processing strategy; access to sites for planned drilling activities; planned production and operating costs profiles; estimated carbon emissions; planned capital requirements; the success of future potential mining operations and the timing of results from planned exploration programs and metallurgical testwork.

In certain cases, forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as, "commence", "considered", "continue", "could", "estimate", "expected", "for", "forecast", "forward", "future", "intend", "indicative", "is", "leads", "likely", "may", "objectives", "optionality", "outlook", "open", "plan" or "planned", "potential", "predicted", "strategy", "target", "upside", "will" or variations of such words and phrases or statements that certain actions, events or results may, could, would, might or will be taken, occur or be achieved or the negative of these terms or comparable terminology. By their very nature forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements.

Such factors may include, among others, risks related to actual results of current or planned exploration and development activities; whether geophysical and geochemical anomalies are related to economic mineralisation or some other feature; obtaining appropriate approvals to undertake exploration and development activities; metal grades being realised; metallurgical recovery rates being realised; results of planned metallurgical test work including results from other domains not tested yet; the outcomes of feasibility studies, scaling up to commercial operations; the speculative nature of mineral exploration and development; changes in project parameters as plans continue to be refined and feasibility studies are undertaken; changes in exploration and study programs and budgets based upon the results; successful completion of the objectives contemplated in the Memorandum of Understanding with Mitsubishi Corporation; changes in commodity prices and economic conditions; political and social risks, accidents, labour disputes and other risks of the mining industry; delays or difficulty in obtaining governmental approvals, necessary licences, permits or financing to undertake future mining development activities; changes to the regulatory framework within which Chalice operates or may in the future; movements in the share price of investments and the timing and proceeds realised on future disposals of investments as well as those factors detailed from time to time in the Company's interim and annual financial statements, all of which are filed and available for review on the ASX at asx.com.au.

Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual actions, events or results to differ materially from those described in forward-looking statements, there may be other factors that cause actions, events or results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. There can be no assurance that forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

Cautionary statements and competent person(s) disclosure (cont'd.)



Reliance on Third Party Information

The views expressed in this Presentation contain information that has been derived from third party sources that have not been independently verified. No representation or warranty is made as to the accuracy, completeness or reliability of the information.

Mineral Resources Reporting Requirements

As an Australian Company with securities quoted on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX), Chalice is subject to Australian disclosure requirements and standards, including the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and the ASX. Investors should note that it is a requirement of the ASX listing rules that the reporting of mineral resources in Australia is in accordance with the JORC Code and that Chalice's mineral resource estimates comply with the JORC Code. The requirements of JORC Code differ in certain material respects from the disclosure requirements of other countries. The terms used in this announcement are as defined in the JORC Code. The definitions of these terms may differ from the definitions of such terms for purposes of the disclosure requirements in other countries.

Competent Person(s) Statement

The information in this Presentation that relates to previously reported exploration results is extracted from the following ASX announcements:

- "New wide high-grade zones in ~900m step-out drill hole", 31 July 2023.
- "High-grade copper-PGE zones extended at Gonneville", 30 November 2023.
- "Gonneville Resource Remodelled to Support Selective Mining", 23 April 2024.
- "Gold-copper Exploration Strategy for the West Yilgarn", 3 September 2024.

The information in this Presentation that relates to Mineral Resources has been extracted from the ASX announcement titled:

"Gonneville Resource Remodelled to Support Selective Mining", 23 April 2024.

The above announcements are available to view on the Company's website at chalicemining.com

The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcements and, in the case of Mineral Resources, that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the original release continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the relevant original market announcements.

Production Targets and Forecast Financial Information

The production targets and forecast financial information disclosed in this Presentation is extracted from the Company's ASX announcement "Gonneville Nickel-Copper-PGE Project Scoping Study", dated 29 August 2023.

All material assumptions underpinning the production targets and forecast financial information derived from the production targets in the previous announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed.